Religious Education knowledge organiser – Year 10 – Islamic practices– Cycle 2

1.1. Five pillars	
Five pillars	Important duties for Sunni Muslims which support the main principles of Islam.
Ten Obligatory acts	These are requirements for Shi'a Muslims . They include the five pillars (duties also for Sunni Muslims) but the final five are not part of the Sunni tradition.
Shahadah	Statement of faith; one of the Five Pillars in Sunni Islam.
Salah	Prayer ; one of the Five Pillars/Ten Obligatory Acts.
Sawm	Fasting: not eating or drinking
Zakah	Giving alms: giving to those in need, eg money, food, time; one of the Five Pillars/Ten Obligatory Acts (Zakah).
Hajj	One of the Five Pillars/Ten Obligatory Acts; pilgrimage to Makkah , which all Muslims must undertake at least once in their lives.

1.2. Salah	
Wudu	Ritual washing before prayer.
Rak'ahs	Actions and ritual movements made during salah (prayer) consisting of recitations, standing, bowing and prostration.
Jummah	Friday prayers in the mosque, where a sermon (khutbah) is heard.

1.3 Sawm	
Ramadan	Month during which Muslims fast (sawm) from dawn to
	sunset.
Night of Power	The night on which Muhammad received the first
	revelations of the Qur'an.

1.4 Giving alms (Zakah and Khums)	
khums	One of the Ten Obligatory Acts in Shi'a Islam; practice of alms
	giving.
1.5 Hajj	
Makkah	Place of pilgrimage during Hajj; the spiritual centre of Islam.
Ka'aba	Part of the Hajj pilgrimage; cube-shaped building in the centre
	of the Grand Mosque in Makkah. All Muslims face towards it
	when they pray.
Mina	Site of pilgrimage during Hajj. Pilgrims throw stones at the
	devil at Mina during Hajj; they also celebrate Id-ud-Adha here.
Arafat	Part of the Hajj pilgrimage. Place where Prophet Muhammad
	preached his last sermon and pilgrims gather to pray.
Muzadalifah	Site of pilgrimage during Hajj; where pilgrims hold a night
	prayer and rest after the Stand on Mount Arafat.

1.6 jihad	
jihad	'To struggle'. The personal or collective struggle against
	evil.
Greater jihad	The personal struggle of every Muslim to live by the
	teachings of their faith .
Lesser jihad	This refers to the military struggle to defend Islam . It is
	carried out according to strict and clear cut rules.

1.7 Festivals	
Id-ul-Adha	Festival; celebration of the Prophet Ibrahim's willingness to
	sacrifice his son for Allah.
ld-ul-Fitr	Festival; celebration that comes at the end of Ramadan and
	marks the end of fasting.
Ashura	Important festival in Shi'a Islam, to commemorate the
	martyrdom of Hussein (Muhammad's grandson). Sunni
	Muslims observe Ashura as a day of repentance for sins in
	the belief that they will be forgiven.